Erev Yom Kippur

Concluding Prayers



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We are grateful for the efforts of Rabbi Amy Loewenthal for producing this excerpt in tandem with the Reconstructionist Rabbinical Association under the leadership of Rabbi Elyse Wechterman.

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CONCLUDING PRAYERS

KADDISH TITKABAL / KADDISH FOR THE COMPLETION OF PRAYER

Reader: Let God's name be made great and holy in the world that was created as God willed. May God complete the holy realm in your own lifetime, in your days, and in the days of all the house of Israel, quickly and soon. And say: Amen.

Congregation: May God's great name be blessed forever and as long as worlds endure.

Reader: May it be blessed, and praised, and glorified, and held in honor, viewed with awe, embellished, and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher by far than all the blessings, songs, praises, and consolations that we utter in this world. And say: Amen.

During Rosh Hashanah Musaf, some communities sound the shofar here.

Tekiyah Shevarim Teruah Tekiyah Tekiyah Shevarim Tekiyah

Tekiyah Teruah Tekiyah Gedolah

And may the prayer and supplication of the whole house of Israel be acceptable to their creator in the heavens. And say: Amen.

May Heaven grant a universal peace, and life for us, and for all Israel. And say: Amen.

May the one who creates harmony above make peace for us and for all Israel, and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen.

On the evening of Rosh Hashanah continue with Kiddush, page 1197. Otherwise continue with Aleynu, page 1201.

קַדִּישׁ תִּתִקַבַּל

יִתְגַּדֵּל וְיִתְקַדֵּשׁ שְׁמֵהּ רַבָּא בְּעָלְמָא דִּי בְרָא כִרְעוּתֵהּ וְיַמְלִיךְּ מַלְכוּתֵהּ בְּחַיֵּיכוֹן וּבְיוֹמֵיכוֹן וּבְחַיֵּי דְכָל בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל בַּעַגָּלָא וּבִזְמַן קָרִיב וָאָמָרוּ אָמֵן:

יָהֵא שְׁמֵהּ רַבָּא מְבָרֵךְ לְעָלַם וּלְעָלְמֵי עָלְמַיָּא:

יִתְבָּרֵךְ וְיִשְׁתַּבֵּח וְיִתְפָּאֵר וְיִתְרוֹמֵם וְיִתְנַשֵּׂא וְיִתְהַדֵּר וְיִתְעַלֶּה וִיִתָהַלֵּל שָׁמֵה דְּקַרְשָׁא בִּרִיךְ הוּא

לְצַׁלָּא לְעַֿלָּא מִבֶּל בִּרְכָתָא וְשִׁירָתָא הַשְּבְּחָתָא וְנֶחֱמָתָא דַּאֲמִירָן בִּעַלְמֵא וָאִמֵרוּ אֲמֵן:

During Rosh Hashanah Musaf, some communities sound the shofar here.

תְּקִיעָה שְׁבָרִים תְּרוּעָה תְּקִיעָה תְּקִיעָה שְׁבָרִים תְּרוּעָה תְּקִיעָה תְּקִיעָה שְׁבָרִים תִּרוּעָה תִּקִיעַה גִּדוֹלֵה

תִּתְקַבֵּל צְלוֹתְהוֹן וּבָעוּתְהוֹן דְּכֶל בֵּית יִשְּׂרָאֵל בֻּדָם אֲבוּהוֹן דִּי בִשְׁמַיָּא וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן:

יְהֵא שְׁלָמָא רַבָּא מִן שְׁמַיָּא וְחַיִּים עָלֵּינוּ וְעַל כְּל יִשְּׂרָאֵל וְאִמְרוּ אַמֵן:

עוֹשֶׂה שָׁלוֹם בִּמְרוֹמָיו הוּא יַעֲשֶׂה שָׁלוֹם עָלֵינוּ וְעַל כָּל יִשְּׂרָאֵל וְעַל כַּל יוֹשָׁבֵי תֵבֵל וָאָמָרוּ אַמֵן:

Yehey shemey raba mevaraḥ le'alam ulalmey almaya.

Oseh shalom bimromav hu ya'aseh shalom a<u>ley</u>nu ve'al kol yisra'el ve'al kol yoshvey tevel ve'imru amen.

On the evening of Rosh Hashanah, continue with Kiddush, page 1198. Otherwise continue with Aleynu, page 1202.

ALEYNU

We rise for Aleynu. It is customary to bow at "bend the knee." For an alternative version see page 1207. Choose one of the following:

It is up to us to offer praises to the Source of all, to declare the greatness of the author of Creation, who gave to us teachings of truth and planted eternal life within us.



It is up to us to offer praises to the Source of all, to declare the greatness of the author of Creation, who created heaven's heights and spread out its expanse, who laid the earth's foundation and brought forth its offspring, giving life to all its peoples, the breath of life to all who walk about.

COMMENTARY. This maḥzor offers several versions of the Aleynu. The first, which appeared in the 1945 Reconstructionist siddur, emphasizes that the gift of God's Torah or teaching demands our committed response. The second version, based on Isaiah 42:5 and fit into the Aleynu by Rabbi Max D. Klein, emphasizes that our obligation to God flows from our role as part of Creation. The traditional Aleynu that appears below the line has troubled Reconstructionist Jews because it implies the inferiority of other faiths and peoples.

We rise for Aleynu. It is customary to bow at "korim." For an alternative version, see page 1207. Choose one of the following.

Aleynu leshabe'aḥ la'adon hakol latet gedulah leyotzer bereyshit shenatan lanu torat emet veḥayey olam nata betoḥenu.

עָלֵינוּ לְשַׁבַּּחַ לַאֲדוֹן הַכּּל לָתֵת גְּדַלָּה לְיוֹצֵר בְּרֵאשִׁית שֶׁנָּתַן לָנוּ תּוֹרַת אֱמֶת וָחַיֵּי עוֹלַם נָטַע בִּתוֹכֵּנוּ:

Continue on page 1204.

Aleynu leshabe'aḥ la'adon hakol latet gedulah leyotzer bereyshit. bore hashamayim venoteyhem roka ha'aretz vetze'etza'eha noten neshamah la'am aleha veru'aḥ laholeḥim bah.

עָלֵינוּ לְשַׁבֵּחַ לַאֲדוֹן הַכּּל לָתֵת גְּדֻלָּה לְיוֹצֵר בְּרֵאשִׁית בּוֹרֵא הַשָּׁמַיִם וְנוֹטֵיהֶם רֹקַע הָאָׁרֶץ וְצָאֱצָאָׁיהָ נֹתֵן נְשָׁמָה לָעָם עָלֶּיהָ וִרוּחַ לַהֹּלְכִים בָּהּ: ←

Continue on page 1204.

עָצֵינוּ לְשַבּּחַ לַאֲדוֹן הַכּל לָתֵת גְּדַלָּה לְיוֹצֵר בְּרֵאשִׁית שֶׁלֹּא עָשָּׁנוּ כְּגוֹיֵי הָאֲרָצוֹת וְלֹא שָׁמָׁנוּ כְּמִשְׁפְּחוֹת הָאֲדָמָה שֶׁלֹא שָׂם חֶלְבֵּנוּ כָּהֶם וְגוֹרָצֵנוּ כְּכֵל הַמוֹנֵם: It is up to us to offer praises to the Source of all, to declare the greatness of the author of Creation, who has made us different from the other nations of the earth, and situated us in quite a different spot, and made our daily lot another kind from theirs, and given us a destiny uncommon in this world.

And so, we bend the knee and bow, acknowledging the sovereign who rules above all those who rule, the blessed Holy One, who stretched out the heavens and founded the earth, whose realm embraces heaven's heights, whose mighty presence stalks celestial ramparts. This is our God; there is none else besides, as it is written in the Torah: "You shall know this day, and bring it home inside your heart, that THE SUPREME ONE is God in the heavens above and on the earth below. There is no other God."

DERASH. Every person and people that feel they have something to live for, and that are bent on living that life in righteousness, are true witnesses of God.

M.M.K.

KAVANAH. As the hand held before the eye hides the tallest mountain, so this small earthly life hides from our gaze the vast radiance and secrets of which the world is full, and if we can take life from before our eyes, as one takes away one's hand, we will see the great radiance within the world.

M.B. (Adapted)

וידעת...עוד /You...other God (Deuteronomy 4:39).

וַאֲנַּחְנוּ כּוֹרְעִים וּמִשְׁתַּחֲוִים וּמוֹדִים לִפְנֵי מֶּלֶךְ מַלְכֵי הַמְּלָכִים הַקַּרוֹש בַּרוּף הוּא:

שֶׁהוּא נוֹטֶה שָׁמַּיִם וְיוֹסֵד אָׁרֶץ וּמוֹשֵׁב יְקָרוֹ בַּשָּׁמַׁיִם מִמַּׁעֵל וּשְׁכִינֵת עֲדּוֹ בְּעָבְהֵי מְרוֹמִים: הוּא אֱלֹהֵינוּ אֵין עוֹד: אֱמֶת מֵלְכֵּנוּ אֶׁפֶס זוּלָתוֹ כַּכָּתוּב בְּתוֹרָתוֹ: וְיָדַעְתָּ הַיּוֹם וַהְשֵׁבֹתָ אֶל לְבָבֶּךְ כִּי יהוה הוּא הָאֵלֹהִים בַּשָּׁמִים מִמַּעַל וְעַל הָאָׁרֶץ מִהְּחַת אֵין עוֹד:

Va'anaḥnu korim umishtaḥavim umodim lifney meleḥ malḥey hamelaḥim hakadosh baruḥ hu. Shehu noteh shamayim veyosed aretz umoshav yekaro bashamayim mima'al ush-ḥinat uzo begovhey meromim. Hu eloheynu eyn od. Emet malkenu efes zulato kakatuv betorato. Veyadata hayom vahashevota el levaveḥa ki adonay hu ha'elohim bashamayim mima'al ve'al ha'aretz mitaḥat eyn od.

NOTE. The Aleynu prayer, which signals the imminent conclusion of a service, originated in the liturgy of Rosh Hashanah. Originally recited annually, the Aleynu eventually moved into the daily liturgy as well, perhaps due to its eloquent appeal for a time of universal peace.

COMMENTARY. The imagery of sovereignty before which "we bend the knee and bow" often seems alien, even alienating, to modern Jews, for whom the notion of submission appears as an affront to their autonomy. Yet we know that there are some things in our world—moral absolutes, ethical imperatives, communal consensus, and the calling of conscience among them—before which we must in fact yield in acknowledgment. It is, perhaps, not a bad thing to be reminded on occasion that for all of our accomplishments, the mystery of life and death and the compelling nature of divinity are not so easily dismissed.

And so, we put our hope in you, THE EMINENCE, our God, that soon we may behold the full splendor of your might, and see idolatry vanish from the earth, and all material gods be swept away, and the power of your rule repair the world, and all creatures of flesh call on your name, and all the wicked of the earth turn back to you. Let all who dwell upon the globe perceive and know that to you each knee must bend, each tongue swear oath, and let them give the glory of your name its precious due. Let all of them take upon themselves your rule. Reign over them, soon and for always. For this is all your realm, throughout all worlds, across all time—

as it is written in your Torah:

"THE ETERNAL ONE will reign now and forever."

And it is written:

"THE EVERLASTING ONE will reign as sovereign over all the earth.
On that day shall THE MANY NAMED be one, God's name be one!"

KAVANAH. A world of God-callers is a world of truth and peace, a world where the lust for power, greed, and envy—the idols of pride—is uprooted from the individual and group psyche.

S.P.W.

DERASH. When senseless hatred reigns on earth and people hide their faces from one another, then heaven is forced to hide its face. But when love comes to rule the earth and people reveal their faces to one another, then the splendor of God will be revealed.

M.B. (Adapted)

DERASH. It is not the seeking after God that divides but the claim to have found God and to have discovered the only proper way of obeying God and communing with God.

M.M.K. (Adapted)

עַל פֵּן נְקַנֶּה לְּךְּ יהוֹה אֱלֹהֵינוּ לִרְאוֹת מְהֵרָה בְּתִפְּאֶׁרֶת עֻנֻּדְּ לְהַעֲבִיר בְּתִפְּאָׁרֶת חָהָ הְאָרֶץ וְהָאֱלִילִים כָּרוֹת יִכְּבֹתוּן לְתַקֵּן עוֹלָם בְּמַלְכוּת שִּׁדִּי: וְכָל בְּנֵי בָשָׁר יִקְרְאוּ בִשְּׁמֶּך: לְהַפְּנוֹת אֵלֶיךּ כָּל רִשְׁעֵי אָּרֶץ: שַׁדִּי: וְכָל בְּנֵי בָשָׁר יִקְרְאוּ בִשְּׁמֶּך: לְהַפְנוֹת אֵלֶיךּ כָּל רִשְׁעֵי אָרֶץ: יַפִּירוּ וְיִבְּלוּ וְיִכְּבְעוֹ וְיִפְּלוּ וְלִכְבוֹר שִׁמְךּ יְקָר יִתִּנוּ וִיקַבְּלוּ לְנִיכְבוֹר שִׁמְךּ יְקָר יִתִּנוּ וִיקַבְּלוּ לְנִיכְם אֶת עֹל מֵלְכוּתְלֶּךְ וְתִמְלֹךְ עְלֵיכָם מְהֵרָה לְעוֹלְם וָעֵד: כִּי הַבְּּתוֹר שִּקְרְּ הִיא וּלְעוֹלְמֵי עַד תִּמְלֹךְ בְּכְבוֹר כַּבָּתוּב בְּתוֹרְתֶּך: וְהָיָה יהוֹה לְמֶּלֶךְ עַל כָּל הָאָּרֶץ יהוֹה אֲחָר: וְהָיָה יהוֹה לְמֶּלֶךְ עַל כָּל הָאָּרֶץ בִּיוֹם הַהוּא יִהְיֵה יהוֹה אֲחָר: וּשְׁמוֹ אֵחָר:

Kakatuv betorateḥa: Adonay yimloḥ le'olam va'ed. Vene'emar: Vehayah adonay lemeleḥ al kol ha'aretz. Bayom hahu yihyeh adonay eḥad ushmo eḥad.

DERASH. Maybe God and perfection are at the end, and not at the beginning. Maybe it is a growing world and a growing humanity and a growing God, and perfection is to be achieved, not something to start out with. Our own prophets and prayer books seem to have had an inkling of this. At culminating points in our liturgy we say a phrase borrowed from one of the last prophets (Zechariah 14:9), "On that day God will be One, and God's name shall be One." On that day, not as yet, alas, but surely on that day God shall be One, as God is not yet One. For how can God be called One, i.e., real, if humanity is rent asunder in misery and poverty and hate and war? When humankind has achieved its own reality and unity, it will thereby have achieved God's reality and unity. Till then, God is merely an idea, an ideal: the world's history consists in making that ideal real. In simple religious earnestness it can be said that God does not exist. Till now God merely subsists in the vision of a few great hearts, and exists only in part, and is slowly being translated into reality.

Henry Slonimsky (Adapted)

יהוה... וער /TH: ETERNAL ONE... forever (Exodus 15:18).

והיה... אחר The Everlasting One...one (Zechariah 14:9).

INTRODUCTION TO THE MOURNERS' KADDISH

In reciting the Kaddish we affirm our awareness of holiness in our world. Much of our experience of divine goodness, grace and love has come to us through those whose lives have touched our own. (Today we remember...) We invoke the transcendent power of love and caring as we sanctify God's name.

THE MOURNERS' KADDISH

It is customary for mourners, and those observing Yahrzeit, to stand for Kaddish. In some congregations everyone rises.

Reader: Let God's name be made great and holy in the world that was created as God willed. May God complete the holy realm in your own lifetime, in your days, and in the days of all the house of Israel, quickly and soon. And say: Amen.

Congregation: May God's great name be blessed, forever and as long as worlds endure.

Reader: May it be blessed, and praised, and glorified, and held in honor, viewed with awe, embellished, and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher by far than all the blessings, songs, praises, and consolations that we utter in this world. And say: Amen.

May Heaven grant a universal peace, and life for us, and for all Israel. And say: Amen.

May the one who creates harmony above, make peace for us and for all Israel, and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen.

NOTE. Congregations usually mention the names of congregants and their relatives who have died in the previous week before reciting the Mourners' Kaddish. In many congregations a Yahrzeit list is read as well. In more informal settings the leader sometimes invites those present to speak the names of those they wish to be remembered.

It is customary for mourners, and those observing Yahrzeit, to stand for Kaddish. In some congregations everyone rises.

יִתְצַּדֵּל וְיִתְקַדֵּשׁ שְׁמֵהּ רַבָּא בְּעָלְמָא דִּי בְרָא כִּרְעוּתֵהּ וְיַמְלִיךְ מַלְכוּתֵהּ בְּחֵיֵּיכוֹן וּבְיוֹמֵיכוֹן וּבְחַיֵּי דְכָל בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל בַּעֲגָלָא וּבִּוְמַן קָרִיב וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן:

יָהֵא שְׁמֵה רַבָּא מְבָרַךְ לְעָלַם וּלְעָלְמִי עָלְמֵיָּא:

יִתְבָּרַדְּ וְיִשְׁתַּבֵּח וְיִתְפָּאַר וְיִתְרוֹמֵם וְיִתְנַשֵּׂא וְיִתְהַדֵּר וְיִתְעֵלֶּה וִיִתְהַלֵּל שָׁמָה דִּקִרְשֵׁא בִּרִידְ הוּא

לְצַׁלָּא לְעַֿלָּא מִכֶּל בִּרְכָתָא וְשִׁירָתָא הַשְּׁבְּחָתָא וְנֶחֱמָתָא דַּאֲמִירָן בִּעַלָמֵא וָאָמַרוּ אֲמֵן:

יָהֵא שְׁלָמָא רַבָּא מִן שְׁמַיָּא וְחַיִּים עָלֵּינוּ וְעַל בָּל יִשְּׂרָאֵל וְאִמְרוּ אַמֵן:

עוֹשֶׂה שָׁלוֹם בִּמְרוֹמָיו הוּא יַצַשֶּׂה שָׁלוֹם עָלֵינוּ וְעֵל בֶּל יִשְּׂרָאֵל וְעַל כֵּל יוֹשָׁבֵי תַבֵל וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן:

Yitgadal veyitkadash shemey raba be'alma di vera ḥirutey veyamliḥ malḥutey beḥayeyḥon uvyomeyḥon uvḥayey deḥol beyt yisra'el ba'agala uvizman kariv ve'imru amen.

Yehey shemey raba mevaraḥ le'alam ulalmey almaya.

Yitbaraḥ veyishtabaḥ veyitpa'ar veyitromam veyitnasey veyit-hadar veyitaleh veyit-halal shemey dekudsha beriḥ hu le'ela le'ela mikol birḥata veshirata tushbeḥata veneḥemata da'amiran be'alma ve'imru amen.

Yehey shelama raba min shemaya veḥayim a<u>ley</u>nu ve'al kol yisra'el ve'imru amen.

Oseh shalom bimromav hu ya'aseh shalom a<u>ley</u>nu ve'al kol yisra'el ve'al kol yoshvey tevel ve'imru amen.

1216 / MOURNER'S KADDISH

The following psalm is traditionally recited each morning and evening—from Rosh Hodesh Elul through Hoshana Rabah.

[A psalm] of David

THE ETERNAL is my light and my salvation; whom, then, should I fear?

THE ALMIGHTY is my living source of strength; before whom should I tremble?

When evildoers approach to eat my flesh, when tormenters and enemies come after me,

see how they stumble; see how they tumble down!

Should a force encamp against me, my heart shall have no fear; should a war arise against me, in one thing I shall trust, one thing have I asked of GOD, one goal do I pursue: to dwell in The Eternal's house throughout my days, to know the bliss of The Sublime, to visit in God's temple.

Truly, in a day of trouble, I am nestled in God's shelter, hidden in the recess of God's tent. God sets me high upon a rock.

KAVANAH. It is only a true and close community that develops associations, traditions and memories that go to make up its soul. To mingle one's personality with that soul becomes a natural longing. In such a community one experiences that mystic divine grace which, like radiant sunshine, illumines our lives when joyous and, like balm, heals them when wounded or stricken. Then all questions about saying this or that become trivial, for the real purpose is attained in having each one feel with the Psalmist: "One thing I ask of God that will I seek after, that I may dwell in the house of God all the days of my life, to behold the graciousness of God."



יהוה אוֹרִי וְיִשְׁעִי מִמִּי אִירָא:
יהוה מָעוֹד־חַיַּי מִמִּי אֶפְחָד:
בִּקְרֹב עָלַי מְרֵעִים לֶאֶכֹל אֶת־בְּשָׂרִי
צָרֵי וְאֹיְבֵי לִי הֵמָה כָשְׁלוּ וְנָפָּלוּ:
אִם־תַּחֲנֶה עָלַי מַחֲנֶה לֹא־יִירָא לִבִּי
אִם־תַּקוֹם עָלַי מִקְחָמָה בְּוֹאת אֲנִי בוֹטֵחַ:
אַם־תָּלְוּמִי מֵאֵת־יהוה אוֹתָה אֲבַקֵּשׁ
שִׁבְתִּי בְּבֵית־יהוה בְּל־יְמֵי חַיַּי לַחֲזוֹת בְּנֹעַם־יהוה וּלְבַקֵּר בְּהֵיכָלוֹ:
שִׁבְתִּי בְּבֵית־יהוה בְּל־יְמֵי חַיַּי לַחֲזוֹת בְּנֹעַם־יהוה וּלְבַקֵּר בְּהֵיכָלוֹ:
בִּי יִצְפְּנֵנִי בְּסַכּוֹ בְּיוֹם רָעָה יַסְתִּירֵנִי בְּסַתֶּר אֲהֲלוֹ בְּצוּר יְרוֹמְמֵנִי: ---

Aḥat sha'alti me'et adonay otah avakesh shivti beveyt adonay kol yemey ḥayay laḥazot beno'am adonay ulevaker beheyḥalo.

COMMENTARY. Many Jews recite this psalm every day betwen the first of Elul and the end of Sukkot. The rabbis doubtless chose it to accompany us through every phase of the fall holiday season because it encompasses such a range of powerful emotions. Identifying with the experience of the speaker can help us at various moments to get in touch with our fears of abandonment, our need for security, our yearning for joyful religious experience, our need for guidance from God, our steadying commitment never to lose hope. Above all, we experience the psalmist's vulnerability. Feeling that it is possible to be hidden and secure within God's presence, the psalmist also knows, by contrast, the terrible fear that God can hide the divine countenance and seem utterly unavailable. The psalm delicately balances these two kinds of hiddenness, as it seeks a "level path," the right way of moving in a difficult, dangerous world. The psalm ends by urging that we cling to the hope that comes from connection to יהוה, the One of Being and Becoming, in whose presence all life unfolds. H.L.

And now, my head is raised in triumph on my foes around me, and I offer sacrifice in celebration in God's tent.

I offer song and melody to MY REDEEMER.

Hear me, PRECIOUS ONE, I call aloud; be gracious to me, answer me!

To you my heart cries out, to you my face is turned; your presence, GRACIOUS ONE, I seek.

Hide not your face from me; do not, in anger, turn away your servant.

You have been my help, don't shun me now; do not abandon me, my God who saves!

For my father and my mother have abandoned me, but THE LIVING ONE shall take me in.

Teach me your way, WISE ONE, and guide me in a just path as I meet my foes.

Don't place me at the mercy of my enemies, for slanderers arise against me, and they fume in violence.

Were it not for my belief that I'll behold GOD's goodness in the Land of Life...

Hope, then, for THE ETERNAL ONE; strengthen your heart with courage, and have hope in THE ETERNAL.

Psalm 27

וְעַתָּה יָרוּם רֹאשִׁי עַל אֹיְבֵי סְבִיבוֹתֵי וְאֶזְכְּחָה בְאָהֲלוֹ זִבְחֵי תְרוּעָה אֲשִׁירָה וַאֲזַכְּּרָה לֵיהוֹה:
שְׁמֵע־יהוֹה קוֹלִי אֶקְרָא וְחָנֵּנִי וַעֲנֵנִי:
לְךְּ אָמֵר לִבִּי בַּקְשׁוּ פָנָי אֶת־פָּנֶיךּ יהוֹה אֲבַקֵּשׁ:
אַל־תַּסְתֵּר פָּנֶיךְ מִפֶּנִי אַל תַּט־כְּאַף עַבְדֶּךְּ
עָזְרָתִי הָיִיתָ אַל־תִּשְׁתַּיִנִי וְאַל־תַּעַזְבֵנִי אֱלֹהֵי יִשְׁעִי:
עָזְרָתִי הָיִתְ אֵל־תִּשְׁלֵנִי וְיִהוֹה יַאַסְפֵנִי:
הוֹרֵנִי יהוֹה דַּרְכֶּךְ וּנְחֵבִּי עָדִי־שְׁקֶר וִיפֵחַ חָמָס:
הוֹרֵנִי הְּגָבֶשׁ צָּרָי כִּי קְמוּ־בִי עֵדִי־שֶׁקֶר וִיפֵחַ חָמָס:
לוֹלֵא הָאֱמַנְתִּי לִרְאוֹת בְּטוּב־יהוֹה בְּאֶרֶץ חַיִּים:
לַנְה אֵל־יהוֹה חַזַק וְיַאֲמֵץ לִבֵּךְ וְקַנֵּה אֵל־יהוֹה:

בי אובוני ויהוה יאספני /For my father and my mother have abandoned me, but The Living One shall take me in. Everything human is imperfect and finite—even my parents—who were to me as gods when I was a young child. As I mature, I realize that only in sensing my connection to the ground of being and becoming, the perfect and infinite, can I ever fully feel safe.

לולא האמנתי לראות בטוב יהוה בארץ חיים /Were it not for my belief that I'll behold God's goodness in the land of life...This line is a fragment—the beginning of a thought stranded in mid-air which I refuse to complete. I don't want to put into words or visualize a life without faith. It would be like the end of the verse—an empty chasm.

Today, give us courage and strength. Amen! Amen! Today, give us blessing. Today, give us goodness. Amen! Today, seek our welfare and good. Amen! Today, write us down for a good life. Amen! Today, please hearken to our cry. Amen! Today, accept with mercy and good will our prayer. Amen! Today, may your right hand keep us safe. Amen! Today, forgive and pardon all our sins. Amen!

On a day like today,
may you bring us, joyful and glad,
to the completion of our reconstruction.
As is written by your prophet's hand:
"And I shall bring you to my holy mountain,
and you shall celebrate there inside my house of prayer...
For my home shall then be called
a house of prayer for all peoples!"

And may we and all the people Israel, and all who dwell on earth, enjoy justice and blessing, lovingkindness, life, and peace, until eternity.

COMMENTARY. The היום /Hayom/Today is the crowning prayer of the High Holy Day liturgy. Its power stems not only from its fresh and energetic sense of hope and from its beautiful music; it comes also from the powerful awareness that what matters is Today, the powerful commitment of this moment. The challenge of the High Holy Days is in part to remember that when tomorrow comes, it too will be Today. The hope of this moment, every moment, lies in the knowledge that when tomorrow comes it will be Today. If we live in the possibility of this moment, Today is more than enough.

: אָמֵן	ַ תְאַמְצֵׁנוּ:	הַיּוֹם
: אָמֵן	ַ תְּבָרְכַֿנוּ :	הַיּוֹם
: אָמֵן	ַ מְגַדְּלֵנוּ:	הַיּוֹם
: אָמֵן	הִּדְרְשַּׁנוּ לְטוֹבָה:	הַיּוֹם
: אָמֵן	תִּכְתְבֵּנוּ לְחַיִּים טוֹבִים:	הַיּוֹם
: אָמֵן	:תִּשְׁמַע שַׁוְעָתֵֿנוּ	הַיּוֹם
: אָמֵן	הְקַבֵּל בְּרַחֲמִים וּבָרָצוֹן אֶת־הְפִלָּמֻנוּ:	הַיּוֹם
: אָמֵן	תִּתְמְבֿנוּ בִּימִין צִּדְלֶּך:	הַיּוֹם
: אָמֵן	ּ הָמְחֹל וְתִסְלַח לְכָל עֲוֹבוֹתֻֿינוּ	הַיּוֹם

Hayom	te'amtzenu.	Amen.
Hayom	tevarehenu.	Amen.
Hayom	tegad <u>le</u> nu.	Amen.
Hayom	tidreshenu letovah.	Amen.
Hayom	tiḥtevenu leḥayim tovim.	Amen.
Hayom	tishma shavatenu.	Amen.
Hayom	tekabel beraḥamim uveratzon et tefilatenu.	Amen.
Hayom	titmeḥenu bimin tzidkeḥa.	Amen.
Hayom	timḥol vetislaḥ leḥol avonotenu.	Amen.

פְּהַיּוֹם הַזֶּה מְּבִיאַׁנוּ שָּׁשִּׁים וּשְּׁמֵחִים בְּבִנְיַן שָׁלֵם כַּכָּתוּב עַל־יֵד נְבִיאֶּך: וַהֲבִיאוֹתִֿים אֶל־הֵר קָדְשִׁי וְשִּׁמֵחְתִּּים בְּבֵית מְפִלָּתִי... כִּי בִיתִי בֵּית־מְפָלָה יָקָרֵא לְכָל־הָעַמִּים: וּצְדָקָה וּבְרָכָה וְרַחֲמִים וְחַיִּים וְשָׁלוֹם יִהְיֶה־לָּנוּ וּלְכָל־יִשְׂרָאֵל וּלְכָל־יוֹשְׁבֵי תֵבֵל עַד עוֹלָם:

העמים...לכל-העמים /And...peoples (Isaiah 56:7).

ADON OLAM / CROWN OF ALL TIME

This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew.

Crown of all time, the one who reigned before all mortal shape was made, and when God's will brought forth all things then was the name supreme proclaimed.

And after everything is gone, yet One alone, awesome, will reign. God was, and is, and will remain, in splendid balance, over all.

And God is One, no second is, none can compare, or share God's place. Without beginning, without end, God's is all might and royal grace.

This is my God, my help who lives, refuge from pain in time of trial, my banner, and my place to fly, my cup's portion when, dry, I cry.

To God's kind hand I pledge my soul each time I sleep, again to wake, and with my soul, this body, here.
YAH'S love is mine: I shall not fear.

KAVANAH. God is that aspect of reality which elicits from us the best that is in us and enables us to bear the worst that can befall us.

M.M.K.

אֲדוֹן עוֹלָם

בְּטֶֿרֶם כָּל יְצִיר נִבְרָא: אֲזֵי מֶּלֶךְ שְׁמוֹ נִקְרָא:

לְבַדּוֹ יִמְלֹדְ נוֹרָא: וְהוּא יִהְיֶה בְּתִפְאָרָה:

לְהַמְשִׁיל לוֹ לְהַחְבִּּירָה: וְלוֹ הָעֹז וְהַמִּשִּׁרָה:

ְוצוּר חֶבְלִי בְּצֵת צָרָה: מְנָת כּוֹסִי בְּיוֹם אֶקְרָא:

> בְּעֵת אִישַׁן וְאָעִּירָה: יהוה לִי וִלֹא אִירָא:

אֲדוֹן עוֹלָם אֲשֶׁר מָלַךְּ לְעֵת נַעֲשָׂה בְחֶפְצוֹ כֹּל

וְאַחֲרֵי כִּכְלוֹת הַכּּל וְהוּא הָיָה וְהוּא הֹוֶה

וְהוּא אֶחָד וְאֵין שֵׁנִי בְּלִי רֵאשִׁית בְּלִי תַכְלִית

> וְהוּא אֵלִי וְחֵי גּוֹאֲלִי וְהוּא נִפִּי וּלֻנוֹס לִי

> > בְּיֶדוֹ אַפְקִיד רוּחִי וִעִם רוּחִי גִּוִיֶּתִי

Adon olam asher malaḥ, beterem kol yetzir nivra. Le'et na'asah veḥeftzo kol, azay meleḥ shemo nikra. Ve'aḥarey kiḥlot hakol, levado yimloḥ nora. Vehu hayah vehu hoveh, vehu yihyeh betifarah. Vehu eḥad ve'eyn sheni, lehamshil lo lehaḥbirah. Beli reshit beli taḥlit, velo ha'oz vehamisrah. Vehu eli veḥay go'ali, vetzur ḥevli be'et tzarah. Vehu nisi umanos li, menat kosi beyom ekra. Beyado afkid ruḥi, be'et ishan ve'a'irah. Ve'im ruḥi geviyati, adonay li velo ira.

YIGDAL / GREAT IS . . .

This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew.

Great is the living God,
to whom we give our praise,
who is, and whose great being
is timeless, without days,
the One, to whom in oneness
no one can compare,
invisible, in unity
unbounded, everywhere,

Who has no body's form,
has no material dress,
nor can we find the likeness
of God's awesome holiness,
more ancient than all things
brought forth in creation,
the first of everything that is,
Beginning unbegun!

Behold the supreme being,
whose universal power,
whose greatness and whose rule
all creatures shall declare,
whose flow of prophecy
was granted to a few,
the treasured ones who stood amid
God's splendor ever new.

נִמְצֵא וָאֵין עֵת אֱל מִצְיאוּתוֹ: נַעַלַם וָגַם אֵין סוֹף לְאַחְדּוּתוֹ: יָגָדַל אֱלֹהָים חֵי וְיִשְׁתַּבַּח אַחַד וָאֵין יַחִיד כִּיִחוּדוֹ

ראשון וְאֵין באשִׁית לְבאשִׁיתוֹ:

אַין לוֹ דִּמוּת הַגוּף וְאֵינוֹ גוּף לֹא נַעַרוֹךְ אֵלַיו קַדְשָּׁתוֹ: קַדְמוֹן לְכַל דַבַר אֲשֵׁר נִבְרַא

יוֹרֶה גִּדְלַּתוֹ וּמֵלְכוּתוֹ: ₩ :אַנשׁי סָגַלַּתוֹ וְתְפָאַרְתוֹ:

הָנּוֹ אֲדוֹן עוֹלָם וְכֵל נוֹצָר שַּׁפַע נִבוּאַתוֹ נִתַנוֹ אֵל

Yigdal elohim ḥay veyishtabaḥ, nimtza ve'eyn et el metzi'uto. Ehad ve'eyn yahid keyihudo, nelam vegam eyn sof le'ahduto.

Eyn lo demut haguf ve'eyno guf, lo na'aroh elav kedushato. Kadmon lehol davar asher nivra, rishon ve'eyn reyshit lereyshito.

Hino adon olam vehol notzar, yoreh gedulato umalhuto. Shefa nevu'ato netano, el anshey segulato vetifar-to.

NOTE. Yigdal was written by Daniel ben Judah, a fourteenth-century poet. He based it upon Maimonides's Thirteen Articles of Faith. We have attempted to make the closing line more acceptable to the contemporary worshipper by referring to the sustenance of life, rather than resurrection of the dead, as the true testimony of God's blessing. A.G. In Israel none arose
 as prophet like Mosheh,a prophet who would come to see
 the "image" in the *sneh*.Torah of truth God gave
 the people Isra'el,by truest prophet's hand
 that in God's house would dwell.

And God will never let
the Torah pass away,
its doctrine will not change,
but through all change will stay.
God sees and knows all things,
and even what we hide,
can look upon how things begin
the end of things to find.

Rewarding acts of love,
when love for love we'll find,
and paying to all wickedness
a recompense in kind,
God shall deliver all,
upon the end of time,
redeeming all who wait for God,
who for salvation pine.

God wakes all beings to life, abundant love shall reign, blessed evermore, the glory of God's Name! נָבִיא וּמַבִּיט אֶת תְּמוּנָתוֹ: עַל יַד נְבִיאוֹ נָאֶמֵן בֵּיתוֹ: דָּתוֹ לְעוֹלָמִים לְזוּלָתוֹ: מַבִּיט לְסוֹף דָּבָר בְּקַדְמָתוֹ: יִתֵּן לְרָשָׁע רָע כְּרִשְׁעָתוֹ: לִפְדּוֹת מְחַבֵּי קֵץ יְשׁוּעָתוֹ: בָּרוּךְ עֲדֵי עַד שֵׁם תְּהִלָּתוֹ: לֹא קָם בְּיִשְּׂרָאֵל כְּמֹשֶה עוֹד תּוֹרַת אֲמֶת נָתַן לְעַמּוֹ אֵל לֹא יַחֲלִיף הָאֵל וְלֹא יָמִיר צוֹפֶה וְיוֹבֵּע סְתָבִּינוּ גוֹמֵל לְאִישׁ חֻׁסֶד כְּמִפְעָלוֹ יִשְׁלַח לְקֵץ יָמִין גְּאֻלָּתוֹ חַיִּים מִכַלְכֵּל אֵל בִּרֹב חַסְדּוֹ

Lo kam beyisra'el kemosheh od, navi umabit et temunato. Torat emet natan le'amo el, al yad nevi'o ne'eman beyto. Lo yaḥalif ha'el velo yamir dato, le'olamim lezulato. Tzofeh veyode'a setareynu, mabit lesof davar bekadmato. Gomel le'ish ḥesed kemifalo, yiten lerasha ra kerishato. Yishlaḥ leketz yamin ge'ulato, lifdot meḥakey ketz yeshu'ato. Ḥayim meḥalkel el berov ḥasdo, baruḥ adey ad shem tehilato.

חיים מכלכל אל /God wakes all beings to life. The original version of this line was מחים יחיה אל /God revives the dead. It was changed to the version above in the 1945 siddur which, like this maḥzor, avoids references to revival of the dead for ideological reasons. This change paralleled those in the second blessing of the Amidah.

בְּמַפֶּר חַיִּים בְּרָכָה וְשָׁלוֹם וּפַּרְנָסָה טוֹבָה נִזָּבֵר וְנִכָּתֵב לְפָּנֶּיךּ אֲנַֿחְנוּ וְבָל־צַמְּךּ בִּית יִשְׂרָאֵל לְחַיִּים טוֹבִים וּלְשָׁלוֹם:

In the book of life, blessing, peace, and proper sustenance, may we be remembered and inscribed, we and all your people, the house of Israel, for a good life and for peace.

~

THE PROMISE OF THIS DAY

Look to this day,
For it is life,
The very life of life.
In its brief course lie all
The realities and verities of existence,
The bliss of growth,
The splendor of action,
The glory of power—

For yesterday is but a dream, And tomorrow is only a vision. But today, well lived, Makes every yesterday a dream of happiness And every tomorrow a vision of hope.

Look well, therefore, to this day.

Sanskrit Proverb

A GUIDE TO GREETINGS

During the month of Elul, the traditional greetings are Shanah tovah ("A good year"); or Leshanah tovah tikatevu ("May you be inscribed for a good year [in the Book of Life]"); or Leshanah tovah umetukah tikatevu ("May you be inscribed for a good and sweet year"); or—less common—Ketivah tovah ("A good inscription [in the Book of Life]").

The appropriate response: Gam leha (feminine lah)—"The same to you."

Between Rosh Hashanah and Yom Kippur, some people add to the above: Leshanah tovah tikatevu vetehatemu ("May you be inscribed and sealed for a good life"). Others use these greetings only through the first night of Rosh Hashanah; after that, it would be indelicate to suggest that a person is not already inscribed in the Book of Life, for on Rosh Hashanah all the righteous are so inscribed—only those whose records are closely balanced between good and bad have their fate postponed until Yom Kippur.

On Yom Kippur (and until Hoshana Rabah) the greeting is Gemar hatimah tovah ("A good final sealing [to you]!") or Hatimah tovah ("A sealing for good!").

Michael Strassfeld